DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS

NOTICE OF FINAL RULEMAKING

The Director, Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs, pursuant to the authority set forth in section 41 of chapter III of the Life Insurance Act, approved June 12, 1960 (74 Stat. 218; D.C. Code Section 35-639), as amended by the Modified Guaranteed Act of 1994, effective January 21, 1994, D.C. Law 10-95, D.C. Code Section 35-639 (1994 Supp.), and Reorganization Plan Number 1 of 1983, hereby gives notice of the adoption of a new chapter 27 (Variable Life Insurance Contracts) of Title 26 DCMR (Insurance). These rules were published as proposed rules in the D.C. Register on December 16, 1994, at 41 DCR 7970. Comments were received and considered. Changes have been made to the text of the proposed rulemaking to clarify flexible premium provisions. These rules will be effective upon publication of this notice in the D.C. Register.

CHAPTER 27 VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE CONTRACTS

2700 AUTHORITY

- The following rules applicable to variable life insurance policies are promulgated under the authority of Section 41, ch. III of the Life Insurance Act, as amended, D.C. Code Section 35-639 (1993 & 1994 Supp.).
- 2700.2 The issuance or delivery of life insurance policies on a variable basis in the District of Columbia (hereinafter the District) that is not in compliance with these rules shall be deemed in violation of the Life Insurance Act, the regulations issued pursuant thereto, and further, shall be deemed to constitute the transaction of insurance business which is hazardous to the policy holders and the public and contrary to the public interest.
- 2701 [Reserved]
- 2702 QUALIFICATION OF INSURER TO ISSUE VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE
- 2702.1 The following requirements are applicable to all insurers either seeking authority to issue variable life insurance in the District or having authority to issue variable life insurance in the District.
- An insurer shall not deliver or issue for delivery in the District any variable life insurance policies unless:
 - (a) The insurer is licensed or organized to do a life insurance business in the District;
 - (b) The insurer has obtained the written approval of the Superintendent for the issuance of variable life insurance policies in the District. The Superintendent shall grant such written approval only after he has found that:
 - (1) The plan of operation for the issuance of variable life insurance policies is not unsound;

- (f) Biographical data with respect to officers and directors of the insurer on the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Uniform Biographical Data Form; and
- (g) A statement of the insurer's actuary describing the mortality and expense risks which the insurer will bear under the policy.

2704 STANDARDS OF SUITABILITY

An insurer seeking approval to enter into the variable life insurance business in the District shall establish and maintain a written statement specifying the Standards of Suitability to be used by the insurer. These Standards of Suitability shall be binding on the insurer and those to whom it refers, and shall specify that no recommendation shall be made to an applicant to purchase a variable life insurance policy and that no variable life insurance policy shall be issued in the absence of reasonable grounds to believe that the purchase of such policy is suitable for the applicant concerning the applicant's insurance and investment objectives, financial situation and needs, and any other information known to the insurer or the agent making the recommendation.

2795 USE OF SALES MATERIAL

An insurer authorized to transact variable life insurance business in the District shall not use any sales material, advertising material or descriptive literature or other materials of any kind in connection with its variable life insurance business in the District which is false, misleading, deceptive or inaccurate.

2706 REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO CONTRACTUAL SERVICES

- A contract between an insurer and suppliers of consulting, investment, administrative, sales, marketing, custodial or other services with respect to variable life insurance operations shall be in writing and provide that the supplier of such services shall furnish the Superintendent with any information or reports in connection with such services which the Superintendent may request in order to ascertain whether the variable life insurance operations of the insurer are being conducted in a manner consistent with these regulations, and any other applicable law or regulations.
- The contract shall be fair and equitable to all parties and not endanger policyholders of the insurer in the District.
- 2706.3 The contract may not relieve the insurer from any responsibilities or obligations imposed upon the operations of its variable life insurance business by this chapter or any other law or regulation.

2707 REPORTS TO THE SUPERINTENDENT

- An insurer authorized to transact the business of variable life insurance in the District shall submit to the Superintendent, in addition to any other materials which may be required by this regulation or any other applicable laws or regulations:
 - (a) An Annual Statement of the business of its variable life insurance separate account or accounts in such forms as may be prescribed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners; and
 - (b) Prior to the use in the District any information furnished to applicants as provided for in Section 2729; and

- (d) Each variable life insurance policy shall be credited with the full amount of the net investment return applied to the benefit base;
- (e) Changes in variable death benefits of each variable life insurance policy shall be determined at least annually;
- (f) The cash value of each variable life insurance policy shall be determined at least monthly. The method of computation of cash values and other nonforfeiture benefits, as described either in the policy or in a statement filed with the Superintendent of the state in which the policy is delivered, or issued for delivery, shall be in accordance with actuarial procedures that recognize the variable nature of the policy:
- (1) The method of computation must be such that, if the net investment return credited to the policy at all times from the date of issue should be equal to the assumed investment rate with premiums and benefits determined accordingly under the terms of the policy, then the resulting cash values must be at least equal to the minimum values required by D.C. Code Section 35-507, for a general account policy with such premiums and benefits.
- (2) The assumed investment rate shall not exceed the maximum interest rate permitted under the Standard Nonforfeiture Law of the District, D.C. Code Section 35-501 et seq. If the policy does not contain an assumed investment rate this demonstration shall be based on the maximum interest rate permitted under the Standard Nonforfeiture Law, D.C. Code Section 35-501 et seq.
- (3) The method of computation may disregard incidental minimum guarantees as to the dollar amounts payable. Incidental minimum guarantees include, for example, but are not limited to, a guarantee that the amount payable at death or maturity shall be least equal to the amount that otherwise would have been payable if the net investment return credited to the policy at all times from the date of issue had been equal to the assumed investment rate.
- (g) The computation of values required for each variable life insurance policy may be based upon such reasonable and necessary approximations as are acceptable to the Superintendent.

2712 MANDATORY POLICY PROVISIONS

- Every variable life insurance policy filed for approval in the District shall be plainly printed in a type size not less than 10-point with a lower case unspaced alphabet length not less than 120-point, and shall contain at least the following:
 - (a) The cover page or pages corresponding to the cover page of each such policy shall contain:
 - A prominent statement in either contrasting color or in bold-faced type that the amount or duration of death benefit may be variable or fixed under specified conditions;
 - (2) A prominent statement in either contrasting color or in bold-faced type that cash values may increase or decrease in accordance with the experience of the separate account subject to any specified minimum guarantees;
 - (3) A statement describing any minimum death benefit required pursuant to Section 2711.1 (b);

- (1) The assets of such separate account shall be available to cover the liabilities of the general account of the insurer only to the extent that the assets of the separate account exceed the liabilities of the separate account arising under the variable life insurance policies supported by the separate account.
- (2) The assets of such separate account shall be valued at least as often as any policy benefits vary but at least monthly.
- (g) A provision specifying what documents constitute the entire insurance contract under District law;
- (h) A designation of the officers who are empowered to make an agreement or representation on behalf of the insurer and an indication that statements by the insured, or on his behalf, shall be considered as representations and not warranties;
- An identification of the owner of the insurance contract;
- A provision setting forth conditions or requirements as to the designation, or change of designation, of a beneficiary and a provision for disbursement of benefits in the absence of a beneficiary designation;
- (k) A statement of any conditions or requirements concerning the assignment of the policy;
- A description of any adjustments in policy values to be made in the event of misstatement of age or sex of the insured;
- (m) A provision that the policy shall be incontestable by the insurer after it has been in force for two (2) years during the lifetime of the insured, provided, however, that any increase in the amount of the policy's death benefits subsequent to the policy issue date, which increase occurred upon a new application or request of the owner and was subject to satisfactory proof of the insured's insurability, shall be incontestable after any such increase has been in force, during the lifetime of the insured, for two years from the date of issue of such increase;
- (n) A provision stating that the investment policy of the separate account shall not be changed without the approval of the Insurance Superintendent of the state of domicile of the insurer, and that the approval process is on file with the Superintendent of the District;
- (o) A provision that payment of variable death benefits in excess of any minimum death benefits, cash values, policy loans or partial withdrawals (except when used to pay premiums) or partial surrenders may be deferred:
 - For up to six (6) months from the date of request, if such payments are based on policy values which do not depend on the investment performance of the separate account; or
 - (2) Otherwise, for any period during which the New York Stock Exchange is closed for trading (except for normal holiday closing) or when the Securities and Exchange Commission has determined that a state of emergency exists which may make such payment impractical;

- (7) The policy may specify a reasonable minimum amount which may be borrowed at any time but such minimum shall not apply to any automatic premium loan provision.
- (8) No policy loan provision is required if the policy is under extended insurance nonforfeiture option.
- (9) The policy loan provisions shall be constructed so that variable life insurance policyholders who have not exercised such provisions are not disadvantaged by the exercise thereof.
- (10) Amounts paid to the policyholders upon the exercise of any policy loan provision shall be withdrawn from the separate account and shall be returned to the separate account upon repayment except that a stock insurer may provide the amounts for policy loans from the general account.

2714 OTHER POLICY PROVISIONS

- The following provision may in substance be included in a variable life insurance policy or related form delivered or issued for delivery in the District:
 - (a) An exclusion for suicide within two (2) years of the issue date of the policy provided, however, that to the extent of the increased death benefits only, the policy may provide an exclusion for suicide within two years of any increase in death benefits which result from an application of the owner subsequent to the policy issue date;
 - (b) Incidental insurance benefits may be offered on a fixed or variable basis;
 - (c) Policies issued on a participating basis shall offer to pay dividend amounts in cash. In addition, such policies may offer the following dividend options:
 - (1) The amount of the dividend may be credited against premium payments;
 - (2) The amount of the dividend may be applied to provide paid-up amounts of additional fixed or variable benefit whole life insurance;
 - (3) The amount of the dividend may be deposited in the general account at a specified minimum rate of interest;
 - (4) The amount of the dividend may be applied to provide paid-up amounts of fixed benefit one-year term insurance;
 - (5) The amount of the dividend may be deposited as a variable deposit in a separate account.
 - (d) A provision allowing the policyholder to elect in writing in the application for the policy or thereafter an automatic premium loan on a basis not less favorable than that required of policy loans under Section 2713, except that a restriction that no more than two consecutive premiums can be paid under this provision may be imposed;
 - (e) A provision allowing the policyholder to make partial withdrawals;
 - (f) Any other policy provision approved by the Superintender

of the future death benefits referred to in (B) shall be computed assuming a net investment return of the separate account which may differ from the assumed investment rate and/or the valuation interest but in no event may exceed the maximum interest rate permitted for the valuation of life insurance contracts.

(c) The valuation interest rate and mortality table used in computing the two minimum reserves described in Subsection (A) and (B) above shall conform to permissible standards for the valuation of life insurance contracts. In determining such minimum reserves, the company may employ suitable approximations and estimates, including but not limited to groupings and averages.

2717 INCIDENTAL INSURANCE BENEFIT

Reserve liabilities for all fixed incidental insurance benefits and any guarantees associated with variable accidental insurance benefits shall be maintained in the general account and reserve liabilities for all variable aspects of the variable incidental insurance benefits shall be maintained in a separate account, amounts determined in accordance with the actuarial procedures appropriate to such benefits.

2718 SEPARATE ACCOUNTS: Establishment and Administration

- 2718.1 The following requirements apply to the establishment and administration of variable life insurance separate accounts by any domestic insurer:
- Any domestic insurer issuing variable life insurance shall establish one or more separate accounts accordance with the Insurance Laws of the District.
- If no law or other regulation provides for the custody of separate account assets and if such insurer is not the custodian of such separate account assets, all contracts for custody of such assets shall be in writing and the Superintendent shall have authority to review and approve of both the terms of any such contract and the proposed custodian prior to the transfer of custody.
- Such insurer shall not without prior written approval of the Superintendent employ in any material in connection with the handling of separate account assets any person who:
 - (a) Within the last ten (10) years has been convicted of any felony or a misdemeanor arising out of such person's conduct involving embezzlement, fraudulent conversion, or misappropriation of funds or securities or involving violation of Sections 1341, 1342 or 1343 of Title 18, United States Code; or
 - (b) Within the last ten (10) years has been found by any state regulatory to have violated or has acknowledged violation of any provision of any state insurance law involving fraud, deceit or knowing misrepresentation; or
 - (c) Within the last ten (10) years has been found by federal or state regulatory authorities to have violated or has acknowledged violation of any provision of federal or state securities laws involving fraud, deceit or knowing misrepresentation.
- All persons with access to the cash, securities, or other assets of the separate account shall be under bond in the amount of not less than the greater of \$500,000 or 25 percent of the assets to which the person has access, but the bond need not exceed 5 million dollars.

- Investments of the separate account shall be valued at their market value on the date of valuation, or at amortized cost if it approximates market value.
- 2724 SEPARATE ACCOUNT INVESTMENT POLICY
- The investment policy of a separate account operated by a domestic insurer shall not be changed without first filing such change with the Insurance Superintendent.
- Any change filed pursuant to this section shall be effective sixty days after the date it was filed with the Superintendent, unless the Superintendent notifies the insurer before the end of such sixty-day period of his disapproval of the proposed change. At any time the Superintendent may, after notice and public hearing, disapprove any change that has become effective pursuant to this section.
- The Superintendent may disapprove the change if he determines that the change would be detrimental to the interests of the policyholders participating in such separate accounts.

2725 CHARGES AGAINST SEPARATE ACCOUNT

- The insurer must disclose in writing, prior to or contemporaneously with delivery of the policy, all charges that may be made against the separate account, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (a) Taxes or reserves for taxes attributable to investment gains and income of the separate account;
 - (b) Actual cost of reasonable brokerage fees and similar direct acquisition and sale costs incurred in the purchase or sale of separate account assets;
 - (c) Actuarially determined costs of insurance (tabular costs) and the release of separate account liabilities;
 - (d) Charges for administrative expenses and investment management expenses, including internal costs attributable to the investment management of assets of the separate account;
 - (e) A charge, at a rate specified in the policy, for mortality and expense guarantees;
 - (f) Any amounts in excess of those required to be held in the separate accounts;
 - (g) Charges for incidental insurance benefits.

2726 STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

An insurer seeking approval to enter into the variable life insurance business in the District shall adopt by formal action of its Board of Directors a written statement specifying the Standards of Conduct of the insurer, its officers, directors, employees, and affiliates with respect to investments of separate accounts and variable life insurance operations. These Standards of Conduct shall be binding on the insurer and those to whom it refers. A code or codes of ethics meeting the requirements of Section 17j under the Investment Company Act of 1940, Pub. L. 101-550, Section Title 1, Section 104(c)(1990) and applicable rules and regulations thereunder shall satisfy the provisions of this Section.

- (C) Has been found by federal or state regulatory authorities to have willfully violated or have acknowledged willful violation of any provision of federal or state securities laws or District insurance laws or of any rule or regulation under any such laws; or
- (D) Has been censured, denied an investment advisor registration, had a registration as an investment advisor revoked or suspended, or been barred or suspended from being associated with an investment advisor by order of federal or District regulatory authorities; and
- (d) Such investment advisory contract shall be in writing and provide that it may be terminated by the insurer without penalty to the insurer or the separate account upon no more than sixty (60) days' written notice to the investment advisor.
- The Superintendent may, after notice and opportunity for hearing, by order require such investment advisory contract to be terminated if he deems continued operation thereunder to be hazardous to the public or the insurer's policyholders.

2729 INFORMATION FURNISHED TO APPLICANTS

- An insurer delivering or issuing for delivery in the District any variable life insurance policies shall deliver to the applicant for such policy, and obtain a written acknowledgement of receipt from such applicant coincident with or prior to the execution of the application, the following information. The requirements of this chapter shall be deemed to have been satisfied to the extent that a disclosure containing information required by this chapter is delivered, either in the form of (1) a prospectus included in the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, Pub. L. 101-429, Title I, Section 101, 102 (1990) and which was declared effective by the Securities Exchange Commission; or (2) all information and reports required by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 if the policies are exempted from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 pursuant to Section 3(a)(2) thereof.
- A summary explanation, in non-technical terms, of the principal features of the policy, including a description of the manner in which the variable benefits will reflect the investment experience of the separate account and the factors which affect such variation. Such explanation must include notices of the provision required by Sections 2712.1 (a)(5) and 2711.1(f) of this chapter;
- 2729.3 A statement of the investment policy of the separate account, including:
 - (a) A description of the investment objectives intended for the separate account and the principal types of investments intended to be made; and
 - (b) Any restrictions or limitations on the manner in which the operations of the separate account are intended to be conducted;
- A statement of the net investment return of the separate account for each of the last ten (10) years or such lesser period as the separate account has been in existence.
- 2729.5 A statement of the charges levied against the separate account during the previous year.
- A summary of the method to be used in valuing assets held by the separate account.

that the policy may be in danger of terminating without value in the next 12 months unless additional premium is paid.

- (c) Annually, a statement or statements including:
 - (1) A summary of the financial statement of the separate account based on the annual statement last filed with the Superintendent;
 - (2) The net investment return of the separate account for the last year and, for each year after the first, a comparison of the investment rate of the separate account during the last year with the investment rate during prior years, up to a total of not less than five (5) years when available;
 - (3) A list of investments held by the separate account as of a date not earlier than the end of the last year for which an annual statement was filed with the Superintendent;
 - (4) Any charges levied against the separate account during the previous year.
 - (5) A statement of any change, since the last report, in the investment objective and orientation of the separate account, in any investment restriction or material quantitative or qualitative investment requirement applicable to the separate account or in the investment advisor of the separate account;
- (d) For flexible premium policies, a report must be sent to the policyholder if the amounts available under the policy on any policy processing day to pay the charges authorized by the policy are less than the amount necessary to keep the policy in force until the next following policy processing day. The report must indicate the minimum payment required under the terms of the policy to keep it in force and the length of the grace period for payment of such amount.

2732 FOREIGN COMPANIES

2732.1 If the law or regulation in the place of domicile of a foreign company provides a degree of protection to the policyholders and the public which is substantially similar to that provided by these regulations, the Superintendent, to the extent deemed appropriate by him in his discretion, may consider compliance with such law or regulation as compliance with these regulations.

2733 QUALIFICATIONS OF AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE

- No person may sell or offer for sale in the District any variable life insurance policy unless such person is an agent and has filed with the Superintendent, in a form satisfactory to the Superintendent, evidence that such person holds any license or authorization which may be required for the solicitation or sale of variable life insurance.
- Any examination administered by the Department for the purpose of determining the eligibility of any person for licensing as an agent shall, after the effective date of this regulation, include such questions concerning the history, purpose, regulation, and sale of variable life insurance as the Superintendent deems appropriate.

2734 REPORTS OF DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS

Any person qualified in the District under this chapter to sell or offer to sell variable life insurance

Control - (including the terms "controlling," "controlled by" and "under common control with") the possession, direct or indirect of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract other than a commercial contract for goods or non-management services, or otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official position with or corporate office held by the person. Control shall be presumed to exist if any person, directly or indirectly, owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies representing more than ten percent (10%) of the voting securities of any other person. This presumption may be rebutted by a showing made to the satisfaction of the Superintendent that control does not exist in fact. The Superintendent may determine, after furnishing to all persons in interest notice and opportunity to be heard and making specific findings of fact to support such determination, that control exists in fact, notwithstanding the absence of a presumption to that effect.

Flexible premium policy - any variable life insurance policy other than a scheduled premium policy.

General account - all assets of the insurer other than assets in separate accounts established pursuant to Section 639 of the D.C. Code pursuant to the corresponding section of the insurance laws of the state of domicile of a foreign or alien insurer, whether or not for variable life insurance.

Incidental insurance benefit - all insurance benefits in a variable life insurance policy, other than the variable death benefit and the minimum death benefit, including but not limited to accidental death and dismemberment benefits, disability benefits, guaranteed insurability options, family income or term riders.

May - is permissive.

Minimum death benefit - the amount of the guaranteed death benefit, other than incidental insurance benefits, payable under a variable life insurance policy regardless of the investment performance of the separate account.

Net Investment Return - the rate of investment return in a separate account to be applied to the benefit base.

Person - an individual, corporation, partnership, association, trust or fund.

Policy processing day - the day on which charges authorized in the policy are deducted from the policy's cash value.

Scheduled premium policy - any variable life insurance policy under which both the amount and timing of premium payments are fixed by the insurer.

Separate account - a separate account established pursuant to the Insurance Laws of the District or pursuant to the corresponding Section of the Insurance Laws of the state of domicile of a foreign or alien insurer.

Shall - is mandatory.

Variable death benefit - the amount of the death benefit, other than incidental insurance benefits, payable under a variable life insurance policy dependent on the investment performance of the separate account, which the insurer would have to pay in the absence of any minimum death benefit.

Variable life insurance policy - any individual policy which provides for life insurance the amount or duration of which varies according to the investment experience of any separate account or accounts established and maintained by the insurer as to such policy, pursuant to the Insurance Laws of the District or pursuant to the corresponding section of the insurance laws of the state of domicile of a foreign or alien insurer.

- (a) Any suspension or revocation of his agent's license in any other state or territory of the United States;
- (b) The imposition of any disciplinary sanction, including suspension or expulsion from membership, suspension, or revocation of or denial of registration, imposed upon him by any national securities exchange, or national securities association, or any federal, state, or territorial agency with jurisdiction over securities or variable life insurance;
- (c) Any judgment or injunction entered against him on the basis of conduct deemed to have involved fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or violation of any insurance or securities law or regulation.

2735 REFUSAL TO QUALIFY AGENT TO SELL VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE: SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR NONRENEWAL OF QUALIFICATION

2735.1 The Superintendent may reject any application or suspend or revoke or refuse to renew any agent's qualification under this chapter to sell or offer to sell variable life insurance upon any ground that would bar such applicant or such agent from being licensed to sell other life insurance contracts in the District. The rules governing any proceeding relating to the suspension or revocation of an agent's license shall also govern any proceeding for suspension or revocation of an agent's qualification to sell or offer to sell variable life insurance.

2736 SEPARABILITY ARTICLE

2736.1 If any provision of this regulation or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is for any reason held to be invalid, the remainder of the regulation and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

2799 - Variable Life Controls scribeď: 2799.1 imon control **Affiliat** espect to its with su partner or separate vice or any employe member ict as a life Agent insuranc b a variable Assumed nd expense life insu other than guarantei efit did not incidenta or me separate account. vary acco

Benefit base - the amount to which the net investment return is applied.

Superintendent - the Insurance Superintendent of the District of Columbia.

- A summary of the federal income tax aspects of the policy applicable to the insured, the policyholder, and the beneficiary.
- 2729.8 If the applicant is furnished illustrations of benefits payable under the variable life insurance contract, these illustrations shall be prepared by the insurer and may not include projections of past investment experience into the future or attempted predictions of future investments experience, provided that nothing contained herein prohibits use of hypothetical assumed rates of return to illustrate possible levels of benefits if it is made clear that such assumed rates are hypothetical only.

2730 APPLICATIONS

- 2730.1 The application for a variable life insurance policy shall contain:
 - (a) A prominent statement that the death benefit may be variable or fixed under specified conditions;
 - (b) A prominent statement that cash values may increase or decrease in accordance with the experience of the separate account (subject to any specified minimum guarantees);
 - (c) Questions designed to elicit information which enables the insurer to determine the suitability of variable life insurance for the applicant.

2731 REPORTS TO POLICYHOLDERS

- Any insurer delivering or issuing for delivery in the District any variable life insurance policies shall mail to each variable life insurance policyholder at his or her last known address the following reports:
 - (a) Within thirty (30) days after each anniversary of the policy, a statement or statements of the cash surrender value, death benefit, any partial withdrawal or policy loan, any interest charge, any optional payments allowed pursuant to Section 2713 under the policy computed as of the policy anniversary date. Provided, however, that such statement may be furnished within thirty (30) days after a specified date in each policy year so long as the information contained therein is computed as of a date not more than sixty (60) days prior to the mailing of such notice. This statement shall state that, in accordance with the investment experience of the separate account, the cash values and the variable death benefit may increase or decrease, and shall prominently identify any value described therein which may be recomputed prior to the next statement required by this section. If the policy guarantees that the variable death benefit on the next policy anniversary date will not be less than the variable death benefit specified in such statement, the statement shall be modified to so indicate.
 - (b) For flexible premium policies the report must contain a reconciliation of the change since the previous report in cash value and cash surrender value, if different, because of payments made (less deductions for expense charges), withdrawals, investment experience, insurance charges, and any other charges made against the cash value. In addition, the report must show the projected cash value and cash surrender, if different, as of one year from the end of the period covered by the report assuming that: (i) planned periodic premiums, if any, are paid as scheduled; (ii) guaranteed costs of insurance are deducted; and (iii) the net return is equal to the guaranteed rate or, in the absence of a guaranteed rate, is not greater than zero. If the projected value is less than zero a warning message must be included that states

2727 CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Rules under any provision of the Insurance Laws of the District or any regulation applicable to the officers and directors of insurance companies with respect to conflicts of interest shall also apply to members of any separate account's committee or other similar body.

2728 INVESTMENT ADVISORY SERVICES TO A SEPARATE ACCOUNT

- An insurer shall not enter into a contract under which any person undertakes, for a fee, to regularly furnish investment advice to such insurer with respect to its separate accounts maintained for variable life insurance policies unless:
 - (a) The person providing such advice is registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advice Act of 1940; or
 - (b) The person providing such advice is an investment manager under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, Pub. L. 103-66, Title IV, Subtitle D, Section 4301(a)-(c)(1993), with respect to the assets of each employee benefit plan allocated to the separate account; or
 - (c) The insurer has filed with the Superintendent and continues to file annually the following information and statements concerning the proposed advisor:
 - The name and form of organization, state of organization, and its principal place of business;
 - (2) The names and addresses of its partners, officers, directors and persons performing similar functions or, if such an investment advisory be an individual, of such individual;
 - (3) A written Standard of Conduct complying in substance with the requirements of Section 2726 of this chapter which has been adopted by the investment advisor and is applicable to the investment advisor, its officers, directors, and affiliates;
 - (4) A statement provided by the proposed advisor as to whether the advisor or any person associated therewith:
 - (A) Has been convicted within ten (10) years of any felony or misdemeanor arising out of such person's conduct as an employee, salesman, officer or director of an insurance company, a banker, an insurance agent, a securities broker or an investment advisor involving embezzlement, fraudulent conversion, or misappropriation of funds or securities, or involving the violation of Sections 1341, 1342, or 1343 of Title 18 of United States Codes;
 - (B) Has been permanently or temporarily enjoined by an order, judgment or decree of any court of competent jurisdiction from acting as an investment advisor, underwriter, broker or dealer, or as an affiliated person or as an employee of any investment company, bank or insurance company, or from engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in connection with any such activity;

- 2718.6 The assets of such separate accounts shall be valued at least as often as variable benefits are determined but in any event at least monthly.
- **2719** [Reserved]
- 2720 AMOUNTS IN THE SEPARATE ACCOUNTS
- The insurer shall maintain in each separate account assets with a value at least equal to the greater of the valuation reserves for the variable portion of the variable life insurance policies or the benefit base for such policies.
- 2721 INVESTMENTS BY THE SEPARATE ACCOUNT
- A sale, exchange, or other transfer of assets may not be made by an insurer or any of its affiliates between any of its separate accounts or between any other investment account and one or more of its separate accounts unless:
 - (a) In case of transfer into a separate account, such transfer is made solely to establish the account or to support the operation of the policies with respect to the separate account to which the transfer is made; and
 - (b) Such transfer, whether into or from a separate account, is made by a transfer of cash; but other assets may be transferred if approved by the Superintendent in advance.
- Assets allocated to variable life insurance separate account shall have sufficient net investment income and readily marketable assets to meet anticipated withdrawals under policies funded by the account.
- 2722 LIMITATIONS ON OWNERSHIP
- A variable life insurance separate account shall not purchase or otherwise acquire the securities of any issuer, other than securities issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, if immediately after such purchase or acquisition the value of such investment, together with prior investments of such separate account in such security valued as required by these regulations, would exceed 10 percent of the value of the assets of the separate account. The Superintendent may waive this limitation in writing if he believes such waiver will not render the operation of the separate account hazardous to the public or the policyholders in the District.
- No separate account may not purchase or otherwise acquire the voting securities of any issuer if as a result of such acquisition the insurer and its separate accounts in the aggregate, will own more than ten percent (10%) of the total issued and outstanding voting securities of such issuer. The Superintendent may waive this limitation in writing if he believes such waiver will not render the operation of the separate account hazardous to the public or the policyholders in the District or jeopardize the independent operation of the issuer of such securities.
- The percentage limitation specified in Subsection 2722.1 of this section shall not be construed to preclude the investment of the assets of separate accounts in shares of investment companies registered pursuant to the Investment Company Act of 1940 if the investments and investment policies of such investment companies comply substantially with the provisions of Section 2721 of this chapter and other applicable portions of this regulation.
- 2723 VALUATION OF SEPARATE ACCOUNT ASSETS

2715 RESERVE LIABILITIES FOR VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE

2715.1 Reserve liabilities for variable life insurance policies shall be established under the Standard Valuation Law in accordance with actuarial procedures that recognize the variable nature of the benefits provided and any mortality guarantees.

2716 RESERVE LIABILITIES FOR THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT

- 2716.1 Reserve liabilities for the variable life insurance policies shall be established under the Standard Valuation Law, District of Columbia Code, Section 35-501 et seq. in accordance with actuarial procedures that recognize the variable nature of the benefits provided and any mortality guarantees.
- Reserve liabilities for the guaranteed minimum death benefit shall be the reserve needed to provide for the contingency of death occurring when the guaranteed minimum death benefit exceeds the death benefit that would be paid in the absence of the guarantee, and shall be maintained in the general account of the insurer and shall not be less than the greater of the following minimum reserves:
 - (a) The aggregate total of the term costs, if any, covering a period of one full year from the valuation date of the guarantee on each variable life insurance contract, assuming an immediate one-third depreciation in the current value of the assets in the separate account followed by a net investment return equal to the assumed investment rate;
 - (b) The aggregate total of the "attained age level" reserves on each variable life insurance contract. The "attained age level" reserve on each variable life insurance contract shall not be less than zero and shall equal the "residue," as described in Paragraph (1) below, of the prior year's "attained age level" reserve on the contract, with any such "residue," increased or decreased by a payment computed on an attained age basis as described in Paragraph (2) below.
 - (1) The "residue" of the prior year's "attained age level" reserve on each variable life insurance contract shall not be less than zero and shall be determined by adding interest at the valuation interest rate to such prior year's reserve, deducting the tabular claims based on the "excess," if any, of the guaranteed minimum death benefit over the death benefit that would be payable in the absence of such guarantee, and dividing the net result by the tabular probability of survival. The "excess" referred to in the preceding sentence shall be based on the actual level of death benefits that would have been in effect during the preceding year in the absence of the guarantee, taking appropriate account of the reserve assumptions regarding the distribution of death claim payments over the year.
 - (2) The payment referred to in Section 2716.2(2) of this chapter shall be computed so that the present value of a level payment of that amount each year over the future period for which charges for this risk will be collected under the contract, is equal to (A) minus (B) minus (C), where (A) is the present value of the future guaranteed minimum death benefits, (B) is the present value of the future death benefits that would be payable in the absence of such guarantee, and (C) is any "residue," as described in Paragraph (1), of the prior year's "attained age level" reserve on such variable life insurance contract. If no future charges for this risk will be collected under the contract, the payment shall equal (A) minus (B) minus (C). The amounts

- (p) If settlement options are provided, at least one such option shall be provided on a fixed basis only;
- (q) A description of the basis for computing the cash surrender value shall be included.
- (r) Premiums or charges for incidental insurance benefits shall be stated separately;
- (s) Any other policy provision required by this regulation;
- (t) Such other items as are currently required for fixed benefit life insurance policies and are not inconsistent with this regulation;
- (u) A provision for nonforfeiture insurance benefits. The insurer may establish a reasonable minimum cash value below which any nonforfeiture insurance options will not be available.

2713 POLICY LOAN PROVISIONS

- A variable life insurance policy, other than term insurance policies and pure endowment policies delivered or issued for delivery in the District shall contain provisions which are not less favorable to the policyholder than the following:
 - (a) A provision for policy loans after the policy has been in force for three (3) full years which provides the following:
 - (1) At least 75% of the policy's cash surrender value may be borrowed.
 - (2) The amount borrowed shall bear interest at a rate not to exceed that permitted by District insurance law.
 - (3) Any indebtedness shall be deducted from the proceeds payable on death,
 - (4) Any indebtedness shall be deducted from the cash value upon surrender or in determining any nonforfeiture benefit.
 - (5) For scheduled premium policies, whenever the indebtedness exceeds the cash surrender value, the insurer shall give notice of any intent to cancel the policy if the excess indebtedness is not repaid within thirty-one (31) days after the date of mailing of such notice. For flexible premium policies, whenever the total charges authorized by the policy that are necessary to keep the policy in force until the next following policy processing day exceed the amounts available under the policy to pay such charges, a report must be sent to the policyholder containing the information specified by Section 2712 or Section 2731.
 - (6) The policy may provide that if, at any time, so long as premiums are duly paid, the variable death benefit is less than it would have been if no loan or withdrawal had ever been made, the policyholder may increase such variable death benefit up to what it would have been if there had been no loan or withdrawal by paying an amount not exceeding 110 percent of the corresponding increase in cash value and by furnishing such evidence of insurability as the insurer may request.

(p)

(0)

determining the amount of insurance payable at death; The method, or a reference to the policy provision which describes the method, for (4)

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- receive a refund of all premium payments for the policy; and ten (10) days of receipt of the policy by the policyholder, which ever is later, and policy within forty-five (45) days of the date of execution of the application or within A captioned provision that the policyholder may return the variable life insurance (ς)
- which are not inconsistent with this regulation. Such other items as are currently required for fixed benefit life insurance policies and (9)
- overdue premium, as if the premium were paid on or before the due date. within the grace period, policy values will be the same, except for the deduction of any (31) days from the premium due date which shall provide that when the premium is paid For scheduled premium policies, a provision for a grace period of not less than thirty-one (q)
- the policy to pay such charges in accordance with the terms of the policy. Such grace the policy in force until the next policy processing day exceed the amounts available under processing day when the total charges authorized by the policy that are necessary to keep For flexible premium policies, a provision for a grace period beginning on the policy
- For schedule premium policies, a provision that the policy will be reinstated at any time processing day. authoxized by the policy that are necessary to keep such policy in force until the next policy on which the amounts available under the policy were insufficient to pay all charges payment of not more than 3 times the charges which were due on the policy processing day overdue charges. If the policy processing days occur monthly, the insurer may require the period will equal the death benefit in effect immediately prior to such period less any Policyholders required by Section 2731.1(d). The death benefit payable during the grace period shall end on a date not less than 61 days after the mailing date of the Report to
- reinstatement and payment of an amount not exceeding the greater of: following the date of default together with accrued interest thereon to the date of payment of any outstanding indebtedness arising subsequent to the end of the grace period surrender value has been paid or the period of extended insurance has expired, upon the evidence of insurability, including good health, satisfactory to the insurer, unless the cash within two (2) years from the date of default upon the written application of the insured and
- in accordance with Section 35-501(a)(6)(G)(ii); or grace period following the date of default with interest at specified rate as calculated D.C. Code Section 35-503(a)(10) and any indebtedness in effect at the end of the All overdue premiums with interest at a specified rate calculated in accordance with
- calculated in accordance with D.C. Code Section 35-503(a)(10). premiums for incidental insurance benefits with interest at a specified rate as 110% of the increase in cash value resulting from reinstatement plus all overdue (z)
- factors used to adjust variable benefits under the policy; A full description of the benefit base and of the method of calculation and application of any (a)
- A provision designating the separate account to be used and stating that: (f)

- (c) Prior to the use in the District the form of any of the Reports to Policyholders as provided for in 2731; and
- (d) Such additional information concerning its variable life insurance operations or its separate accounts as the Superintendent shall deem necessary.
- Any material submitted to the Superintendent under this section shall be disapproved if it is found to be false, misleading, deceptive or inaccurate in any material respect and, if previously distributed, the Superintendent shall require the distribution of amended material.

2708 AUTHORITY OF THE SUPERINTENDENT TO DISAPPROVE

Any material required to be filed with and approved by the Superintendent shall be subject to disapproval if at any time it is found by him not to comply with the standards established in this regulation.

2709 INSURANCE POLICY REQUIREMENTS

2709.1 Policy Qualification. The Superintendent shall not approve any variable life insurance form filed pursuant to this regulation unless it conforms to the requirements of this chapter.

2710 FILING OF VARIABLE LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES

- All variable life insurance policies, and all riders, endorsements, applications and other documents which are to be attached to be made a part of the policy and which relate to the variable nature of the policy, shall be filed with the Superintendent and approved by him prior to delivery or issuance for delivery in the District.
- 2710.2 The procedures and requirements for such filing and approval shall be, to the extent appropriate and not inconsistent with this regulation, the same as those otherwise applicable to other life insurance policies.
- The Superintendent may approve variable life insurance policies and related forms with provisions the Superintendent deems to be not less favorable to the policyholder and the beneficiary than those required by this regulation.

2711 MANDATORY POLICY BENEFITS AND DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

- Variable life insurance policies delivered or issued for delivery in the District shall comply with the following minimum requirements:
 - (a) Mortality and expense risks shall be borne by the insurer. The mortality and expense charges shall be subject to the maximums stated in the contract;
 - (b) For scheduled premium policies, a minimum death benefit shall be provided in an amount at least equal to the initial face amount of the policy so long as premiums are duly paid;
 - (c) The policy shall reflect the investment experience of one or more separate accounts established and maintained by the insurer. The insurer must demonstrate that the reflection of investment experience in the variable life insurance policy is actuarially sound;

- (2) The general character, reputation and experience of the management and those persons or firms proposed to supply consulting, investment, administrative or custodial services to the insurer are such as to reasonably assure competent operation of the variable life insurance business of the insurer in the District; and
- (3) The present and foreseeable future financial condition of the insurer and its method of operation in connection with the issuance of such policies is not likely to render its operation hazardous to the public or its policyholders in the District. The Superintendent shall consider, among other things:
 - (A) The history of operation and financial condition of the insurer;
 - (B) The qualifications, fitness, character, responsibility, reputation and experience of the officers and directors and other management of the insurer and those persons or firms proposed to supply consulting, investment, administrative or custodial services to the insurer;
 - (C) The applicable law and regulations under which the insurer is authorized in its state of domicile to issue variable life insurance policies. The state of entry of an alien insurer shall be deemed its state of domicile for this purpose; and
 - (D) If the insurer is a subsidiary of, or is affiliated by common management or ownership with another company, its relationship to such other company and the degree to which the requesting insurer, as well as the other company, meets these standards.

2703 FILING FOR APPROVAL TO DO BUSINESS IN THE DISTRICT

- The Superintendent may, at his discretion, require that an insurer, before it delivers or issues for delivery any variable life insurance policy in the District, file with the Superintendent the following information for the consideration of the Superintendent in making the determination required by Section 2702 of this chapter:
 - (a) Copies of and a general description of the variable life insurance policies it intends to issue;
 - (b) A general description of the methods of operation of the variable life insurance business of the insurer, including methods of distribution of policies and the names of those persons or firms proposed to supply consulting, investment, administrative, custodial or distribution services to the insurer;
 - (c) With respect to any separate account maintained by an insurer for any variable life insurance policy, a statement of the investment policy the issuer intends to follow for the investment of the assets held in such separate account and a statement of procedures for changing such investment policy. The statement of investment policy shall include a description of the investment objectives intended for the separate account;
 - (d) A description of any investment advisory services contemplated as required by Section 2728;
 - (e) If requested by the Superintendent, a copy of the statutes and regulations of the state of domicile of the insurer under which it is authorized to issue variable life insurance policies;